UNIVERSITY ASSESSMENT COMMITTEE

Feedback to Academic Departments on Assessment Activities Reported in _2013__ Annual Reports <u>UNDERGRADUATE PROGRAMS</u>

DEPARTMENT_Communication Sciences and Dis	orders	DATE	3-27-14			
PROGRAM(S) COVERED IN REVIEWundergraduate major						
COMMITTEE MEMBER(S) CONDUCTING REVI	EWJoan	Hawthor	ne, Paul Drechsel			
1. STUDENT LEARNING GOALS						
Were any goals referenced?If so, were goals well articulated?Do goals address student learning?	YES_X	NO	QUALIFIED Y/N QUALIFIED Y/N QUALIFIED Y/N			
Comments: The influence of accreditation standards on program goals is evident. Each is written in terms of overarching goal, subcategories of topics within the goal, and the detailed objectives regarding learning outcomes. We noted that the undergraduate goals for CSD are heavily weighted toward what might be considered lower level learning outcomes—knowledge and understanding. This may be a result of a professional program which requires graduate study as the entry standard for practice—with the result that students are expected to acquire an extensive background of information at the undergraduate level, and then, during graduate study, build on that with analytical, application, synthesis, and evaluation skills.						
In addition to the program goals, please also consider UND's institutional and Essential Studies goals for student learning (shown in alignment within parentheses) and identify which goals are similar to program goals. X1 Communication – written or oral ("able to write and speak in various settings with a sense of purpose/audience") 2 Thinking and reasoning – critical thinking (or "be intellectually curious"; analyze, synthesize, evaluate) 3 Thinking and reasoning – creative thinking (or "be intellectually creative"; explore, discover, engage) 4 Thinking and reasoning – quantitative reasoning ("apply empirical dataanalyze graphical information") 5 Information literacy ("be able to access and evaluatefor effective, efficient, and ethical use") 6 Diversity ("demonstrate understanding of diversity and use that understanding") 8 Service/citizenship ("share responsibility both for their communities and for the world")						
Comments regarding program goals and alignment with institutional and Essential Studies goals: Four ES goals are clearly aligned with CSD undergraduate program goals.						
2. ASSESSMENT METHODS						
 Were any specific assessment methods referenced? If so, were specifically chosen assessment methods appropriately aligned with individual 	YES X	NO	QUALIFIED Y/N			
goals? • Were both direct and indirect assessment	YES_X	NO	QUALIFIED Y/N			
methods used as components of a "multiple measures" approach?	YES_X	NO	QUALIFIED Y/N			

Comments:

The assessment plan, as posted on the website, was updated in 2012. It describes assessment activities as focused on the capstone class. That class begins with an "integrated review" of knowledge from previous courses, and that portion of the class culminates in a comprehensive exam that's structured to enable assessment of the various knowledge goals. The class also includes written assignments that are scored (using a meets expectations, exceeds expectations, fails to meet expectations rubric) for proficiency in various communication categories, research categories, and quantitative skill categories. In this

year's annual report, results of a survey (also administered in the capstone) are included, suggesting that the assessment plan may have been revised to include that survey as an indirect measure of learning as well.

3. ASSESSMENT RESULTS

J. ASSESSI	VIENT RESULTS				
Were any as	sessment results reported?	YES_	_X	NO	QUALIFIED Y/N
•	If so, were the results clear in terms of how they specifically affirm achievement of goals?	YES_		NO	QUALIFIED Y/N _X
•	If so, were the results clear in terms of how they indicate need for improvement? Were the results tied to goals for student	YES_		NO	QUALIFIED Y/N _X
	learning?	YES_	_X	NO	QUALIFIED Y/N
described in analyzed to to focus stud may mean th	report contains results of a student survey althou the assessment plan. Several of the survey quest describe conclusions drawn and implications for tents specifically on the learning they see occurring that the data – although collected at a key moment was anticipated (and hence the "qualified y/n").	ions are student ng in the	direo learn caps	ctly related to ing. Howeve stone class ra	learning outcomes and the results are r, several of the survey results appear ther than across the program, which
described in insight regar being collect necessary, b	very helpful to know that the direct assessments a the assessment plan. Indirect assessment is an e- eding their own learning), but, of course, direct a ted and analyzed, it would be helpful to have that out sample results/findings (especially any finding interesting) would be a very helpful addition to the	xtremel _] ssessme indicat s that co	v usef nt ren ed wit onfirn	ful componen nains critical thin future an	t of a plan (students have meaningful . If direct assessment results are also nual reports. Extensive detail is not
any goals forX 1 3 3 4 4 5 6 I 7 I	o program goals, some assessment results may be a which the program presents findings, and, for in Communication – written or oral ("able to write Thinking and reasoning – critical thinking (or "brinking and reasoning – creative thinking (or "brinking and reasoning – quantitative reasoning (Information literacy ("be able to access and eva Diversity ("demonstrate understanding of diversity Lifelong learning ("commit themselves to lifelong Service/citizenship ("share responsibility both for	adicated and speciatelle be intelle "apply" luatet y and us g learnir	items eak in ectual ectual empir or eff se tha eg")	s, describe fin various setti lly curious"; ly creative"; cical dataar fective, efficie t understandi	adings below. ngs with a sense of purpose/audience" analyze, synthesize, evaluate) explore, discover, engage) halyze graphical information") ent, and ethical use") ng")
Comments r	egarding results and the application of results to	o progra	ım, in	istitutional, a	and Essential Studies goals:
improved – 2 However, 70 complete the the capstone be different to	e survey directly relate to three ES goals. Studen 29% indicating agreement and 29% indicating di 1% agreed their research skills were improved, su survey within the capstone class, the survey asks class — rather than reflecting back across the en if students perceived the ES-related questions as a reframing of the survey to ensure that students	sagreen uggestin s them s tire und	ient. g thai pecifi ergra assins	47% indicate t they perceiv cally about th duate curricu g a broader ti	ed their critical thinking was improved ed this as a greater focus. Since they neir learning at that point – i.e., during ulum. It might be that answers would ime frame, and perhaps it's worth
4. CLOSIN	G THE LOOP				
Were any ac results repor	tions taken on the basis of assessment ted?	YES_	_X_	NO	_ QUALIFIED Y/N
•	If so, do curricular or other improvements/ changes arising from assessment results				OV. 1. VENED VI. 2-
	directly address goals for student learning?	YES_	X_	NO	QUALIFIED Y/N

Comments:

The annual report indicates that the department intends to make changes in the writing components of the capstone course as a result of survey findings indicating that students don't perceive themselves as making significant gains in communication skills and aren't getting a lot of help in making such improvements.

SUMMARY				
	Strengths		Areas for Improvemen	nt .
X Student X Assessme Assessme Direct and Results ar Results ar	fic plan for assessment is in learning goals are well-article nent methods are clearly design to methods are appropriately in methods are well-implement indirect methods are implemented to closing the loop. In-making is tied to evidence	culated	No specific plan for assessment is in Student learning goals are not well-Assessment methods are not clearly Assessment methods are not appropriately appropriately assessment methods are not well-in A single type of assessment methods. No results are reported. Results are not clearly tied to closing (Decision-making is not directly tied).	earticulated. 7 described. 9 described. 9 described. 1 described. 1 described. 1 described. 1 described. 1 described. 1 described. 2 described. 3 described. 4 described. 5 described. 6 described. 6 described. 7 described. 8 described. 9 described. 1
OVERALL S	SUMMARY AND REC	OMMENDATIONS:		
Ensuring that i	indirect data are also collec	ted is a good addition to th	– and to align well with accreditat te plan, and perhaps this should be n wording invites students to consid	incorporated
portion of the primarily deal	report makes clear that mor with the graduate program	e detailed information is av itself. Including enough d	ct assessments are also being imple vailable in the accreditation report. etail in the annual report to clarify the UG program would be very help	s, but those appear to use of direct
			Assessment plan (as posted) Previous assessment review	
	versation with department c	rhair.		
Reviewer(s):	Name Department Phone Number e-mail	J	Paul Drechsel Aviation 7-4923 u Drechsel@aero.und.edu	
Section 1:Y	Section 2:Y			
Coding Key: Y	that assessment is a cyclica years) = qualified yes as action or	l process, i.e., with addition	mind the kind of program(s) review nal kinds of data to be collected and ever, evidence is lacking that this i	d analyzed in other
N	appropriately done = no, this is not done at all	, or it is not done in relatio	nship to student learning	

NA = no information reported and it's unclear whether it was done

Revision 9/25/13

UNIVERSITY ASSESSMENT COMMITTEE

Feedback to Academic Departments on Assessment Activities Reported in _2013___ Annual Reports <u>GRADUATE PROGRAMS</u>

DEPARTMENTCommunication Sciences and I	Disorders	DATE	3-27-14			
PROGRAM(S) COVERED IN REVIEWMast	ter's, PhD					
COMMITTEE MEMBER(S) CONDUCTING REVIEWJoan Hawthorne, Paul Drechsel						
1. STUDENT LEARNING GOALS						
Were any goals referenced?If so, were goals well articulated?Do goals address student learning?	YES_X_ YES_X_ YES_X_	NO	QUALIFIED Y/N QUALIFIED Y/N QUALIFIED Y/N			
Comments: The goals are really at a very micro level and assigned to ind recommended in terms of goal language for UND programs program accreditor and program faculty are responsible for demonstrate appropriate proficiency in each one of these very required for any student who fails to demonstrate proficiency. The program does not distinguish between goals for the master PhD program has been terribly small (a single student). Alth demand for the PhD, the program has no space for the clinical students — meaning faculty have little motivation to think in meaning to the program has in the field about making for entry to practice. In view of this, it might be worth some addition, good practice would suggest that if UND's CSD defirst step should be to determine learning outcomes that will be take that step.	but, in the casensuring that easy detailed goals on the first atter's program acough they would experiences a doctoral defort on the papartment is to co	se of CSD, the very student very student very student very that is result that would be that would be that for the progree (perhapert of faculty to offer a progra	e goals are provided to them by their who completes the program is able to liation-until-success-is-achieved stained in the program). The PhD program, largely because the ogram to grow and there is some enecessary for a cohort of PhD erentiate doctoral level goals. In the of study (in this case, the PhD), a			
2. ASSESSMENT METHODS						
Were any specific assessment methods referenced? • If so, were specifically chosen assessment methods appropriately aligned with individual	YES_X_	NO	QUALIFIED Y/N			
 goals? Were both direct and indirect assessment methods used as components of a "multiple measures" approach? 	YES_X YES		QUALIFIED Y/N QUALIFIED Y/N _X			
Comments: Methods of assessment for individual goals are intended to or goals. Results are recorded in a form required to be complete accreditation standards). In addition to these "micro" method systematically at learning of students in the aggregate, prograclinical skills, comprehensive exams, thesis/independent studiof the data from these assessments is broken down to provide micro level. 3. ASSESSMENT RESULTS	ed for each stu ds (i.e., data co am-wide), facu ies (regarding	dent (the KAS ollected for in olty collect dat writing and re	SA form, which aligns with dividual students rather than to look ta from assessments of students' esearch skills), and Praxis tests. Mucl			
Were any assessment results reported? • If so, were the results clear in terms of how	YES_X	NO	QUALIFIED Y/N			

they specifically affirm achievement of goals?	YES_	N	1O	QUALIFIED Y/NX	
 If so, were the results clear in terms of how they indicate need for improvement? 	YES_	N	10	QUALIFIED Y/N _X	
 Were the results tied to goals for student learning? 		N	1O	QUALIFIED Y/N _X	
Comments:					
The annual report itself includes only summary results, e.g., recent year, had required remediation on any of the goals; C frequently required re-dos prior to appropriate levels of skill information is not directly linked to individual program goal more detailed data breakdowns (of Praxis scores, e.g.) are a reports (prepared in conjunction with the accreditation cycle faculty to look at data in relation to goals – although a prime detailed goals associated with individual courses.	CCE form demons s, althou vailable e). Those	s summ tration; gh a coi for disc more d	aries show pass rates nversation ussion by etailed rep	ving that certain types of questions had so for the Praxis and the CSD. This with the department chair revealed that faculty and are used in accreditation ports, according to the chair, allow	
The KASA student reports could be aggregated to allow resubecause of the immense detail, they are not used in that way. (aggregated) student achievement of goals. It would be very of aggregated data, linked to specific learning outcomes, to a faculty in making curricular and pedagogical decisions.	Other de helpful i	ata, hov if the an	vever, app nual repo	arently are used to shed light on rt included a few examples of that kind	
4. CLOSING THE LOOP					
Were any actions taken on the basis of assessment					
results reported?	YES_	_X	_ NO	_ QUALIFIED Y/N	
 If so, do curricular or other improvements/ changes arising from assessment results 					
directly address goals for student learning?	YES_	_X	_ NO	QUALIFIED Y/N	
Comments:					
The annual report indicates that minor changes are being co significant number of students initially struggled with questic demonstrate proficiency). That information was shared with coverage of knowledge areas or practice with skill areas sho and consistent level of student proficiency on the various out	ons in pa faculty ould be in	rticular as part o cluded	content a of a conve in next yea	reas (i.e., they required re-dos to rsation about whether additional ar's curriculum. Ensuring a very high	
SUMMARY					
Strengths			Areas	for Improvement	
X A specific plan for assessment is in place.	1	No spec	ific plan fo	or assessment is in place.	
Student learning goals are well-articulated.	Student learning goals are not well-articulated.				
Assessment methods are clearly described.	Assessment methods are not clearly described.				
Assessment methods are appropriately selected.				ds are not appropriately selected.	
XAssessment methods are well-implemented.	Assessment methods are not well-implemented.				
Direct and indirect methods are implemented.	A single type of assessment methods predominates.				
Results are reported.	No results are reported.				

OVERALL SUMMARY AND RECOMMENDATIONS:

__X__Results are tied to closing the loop.

(Decision-making is tied to evidence.)

We strongly recommend that faculty consider developing specific learning outcomes for the doctoral level program if they intend to continue to offer that degree. That issue obviously goes beyond the department to a certain degree: if the program had the facilities to allow growth, there would be considerably greater motivation to focus more attention on the PhD.

Results are not clearly tied to closing the loop.

(Decision-making is not directly tied to evidence.)

Beyond that issue, virtually everything about assessment practices within CSD is shaped in response to accreditation standards and expectations. Faculty collect a tremendous amount of data, although the emphasis is virtually always on extremely detailed, micro-level outcomes, with several outcomes developed though each individual class (and spanning both the undergraduate and the master's degree programs). Findings are collected and analyzed at the level of the individual student, with re-teaching/testing until proficiency is demonstrated.

It could be extremely useful to step back from that look at detail occasionally in order to see the big picture (i.e., how are students doing, as a whole, with writing and presentation skills, how well they're doing at clinical skills in general, etc.). We encourage you to consider ways to ensure that occurs.

MATERIALS	REVIEWED			
	ices (cited in annual rep		Assessment plan (as posted Previous assessment reviewent chair.	
Reviewer(s):	Name Department Phone Number e-mail	Joan Hawthorne Academic Affairs_ 7-4684 joan.hawthorne@und.e	Aviation	
Section 1:Y	Section 2:Y_	Section 3:Q Se	ection 4:Y	
Coding Key:				
	•		n mind the kind of program(s) a conal kinds of data to be collect	
Q			wever, evidence is lacking that	

= no, this is not done at all, or it is not done in relationship to student learning

NA = no information available and it's unclear whether it was done

Revision 9/25/13