

UNIVERSITY OF NORTH DAKOTA

Rockwell_ Collins

ABSTRACT

This research models a Global Positioning System spoofing attack set-up, and investigation of (GPS) defense mechanisms using available open-source software, and hardware. The GPS spoofing attack and defense architecture is focused on application to a DJI Matrice 100 Quadcopter. Only the L1 (civilian) GPS frequency is used.

SPOOFING ATTACK HARDWARE/SOFTWARE

Hardware:

- 1575.42 MHz Passive Garmin Antenna
- BladeRF Software Defined Radio
- Laptop running Windows
- 60dB attenuator
- 2 x Bias tee (1 for dynamic spoofing)
- Active GPS Antenna with LNA (dynamic spoofing)
- Matrice 100
 - DJI Quadcopter to be spoofed
 - Added ESP8266 Wifi module for communication

Open-Source Software:

- **GPS-SDR-SIM**
- GNSS-SDR (dynamic spoofing)
- DJI Onboard SDK
 - Modified UDP socket for communication with Matrice 100 over Wifi

REFERENCES

- [1] OSQZSS, "GPS-SDR-SIM," Github/Takuji Ebinuma, 2015. [Online]. Available: https://github.com/osqzss/gps-sdr-sim. [2] T.TAKASU, "RTKLIB: An Open Source Program Package for GNSS Positioning," 2013. [Online]. Available: http://www.rtklib.com/.
- [3] Nuand, "bladeRF," Nuand, 2016. [Online]. Available: https://github.com/Nuand/bladeRF.
- [4] A. Jafarnia-Jahromi, A. Broumandan, J. Nielsen and G. Lachapelle, "GPS Vulnerability to Spoofing Threats and a Review of Antispoofing Techniques," International Journal of Navigation and Observation, vol. Volume 2012, pp. Article ID 127072, 16 pages, 2012.
- [5] H. Lin and Y. Qing, "GPS SPOOFING: Low-cost GPS simulator," in Defcon 23, Las Vegas, 2015.
- [6] K. Wang, S. Chen and A. Pan, "Time and Position Spoofing with Open Source Projects," Mobile Security of Alibaba Group
- [7] N. O. Tippenhauer, C. Pöpper, K. B. Rasmussen and S. Capkun, "On the Requirements for Successful GPS Spoofing Attacks," in 18th ACM Conference on Computer and Communications Security, Chicago, 2011.
- [8] Y. Fan, Z. Zhang, M. Trinkle, A. D. Dimitrovski, J. B. Song and H. Li, "A Cross-Layer Defense Mechanism Against GPS Spoofing Attacks on PMUs in Smart Grids," IEEE TRANSACTIONS ON SMART GRID, Vols. VOL. 6,, no. NO. 6, NOVEMBER 2015.
- [9] CTTC, "GNSS-SDR," CTTC, 2016. [Online]. Available: http://gnss-sdr.org/project.









• Modify GPS-SDR-SIM software to generate continuous I-Q data output • Create real time pipe from GPS-SDR-SIM output to BladeRF • Use GNSS-SDR to decompose incoming GPS signal into stream for GPS-SDR-SIM input Current GPS Data Dynamic Spoofing Signal From Receiver

Figure 3: Dynamic Spoofing Signal Generation

Investigation of a GPS Spoofing Attack

Eric Horton, Dr. Prakash Ranganathan, Electrical Engineering

BladeRF & Decompose ephemeris from

collected data/Generate new signal

GPS SPOOFING DEFENSE- METHODS

UAV Sensors to GPS comparison (investigated)

 Accelerometer & Gyroscope • Kalman Filter + Camera (work-in-progress) Synthetic Antenna Array -- Movement (future work) Monitor Amplitude/Phase correlation of different PRNs

Signal to Noise Ratio (work-in-progress) • Spoofing increase of SNR (carrier to noise)

Other Methods (future work)

- L1/L2 Comparison (additional hardware)

method currently implemented.

sensors (Camera)



Begin implementation of signal to noise ratio measurements • Requires decomposition of incoming GPS signal (GNSS-SDR)

Begin correlation measurement between signal parameters when moving (synthetic antenna array) • Requires decomposition of incoming GPS signal (GNSS-SDR)

Expand upon sensor comparison Kalman filter than includes camera movement approximation

School of Electrical Engineering & Computer Science

UNIVERSITY OF NORTH DAKOTA

• Absolute Power Monitoring (additional hardware)

• Power versus receiver movement (additional hardware)

DEFENSE - RESULTS

Only accelerometer/gyroscope vs GPS receiver simple comparison

Kalman filter implemented, minor improvement without additional

DEFENSE – FUTURE WORK