## COLLEGE HEALTH SURVIVAL KIT

ACE Wrap: Helpful to wrap up and apply compression to an injury.
<b>Allergy Relief</b> : Benadryl (diphenhydramine) can tackle everything from seasonal allergies to bug bite reactions.
Antiseptic or Antibiotic Ointments: A topical ointment, like Bacitracin or Neosporin, is useful to have nearby for cuts and scrapes.
<b>Bandaids:</b> Uncovered abrasions and cuts are more likely to become infected, so students should have a box of bandaids of mixed sizes and shapes.
<b>Digital Oral Thermometer:</b> A thermometer is key to deciding between a day in bed or a visit to Student Health Services.
Ear Plugs: Reduces the environmental noise and helps students get the sleep they need.
Hand Sanitizer: Public restrooms, dorm rooms, and classrooms can be breeding grounds for bacteria. Hand sanitizer stashed in a backpack can be used when soap and water are not available.
<b>Insurance Card:</b> Have your insurance information available and find out before you move if your insurance will cover services at Student Health and/or the Grand Forks community.
Pain Relievers: Whether Tylenol (acetaminophen), Advil/Motrin (ibuprofen), or Aleve (naproxen), students should pack an ample supply. Headaches can be lessened by any of these. Acetaminophen is better for flu-related aches and pains. Ibuprofen is more effective for sports injuries as it also reduces inflammation. For hangovers, stick with ibuprofen as acetaminophen and alcohol both affect the liver.
<b>Prescription Medications:</b> Any prescription drugs students take for chronic medical conditions should be included in their college moving supplies. Bring at least a 1-2 month supply so there is time to figure out how to get refills.
<b>Shower Shoes:</b> Athlete's foot and plantar warts can be quite painful. They are spread via shared showers, where fungi and viruses grow easily on moist tile. A pair of rubber flip flops worn in public restrooms and shower stalls can go a long way in keeping feet protected.



Stomach Support: Belly issues are high on the list of common college ailments. Pepto-Bismol neutralizes stomach acids and can calm an upset stomach. Imodium can be useful for diarrhea or gastritis (stomach upset) but should not be used when vomiting. Students with a history of heartburn or reflux should keep Tums or other antacids nearby.
Sunscreen: Campus life is filled with outdoor activities, and sunscreen is essential to prevent skin damage.
Vitamins: Students can have erratic eating habits at college, so a daily multivitamin can help bridge nutritional gaps.
AND DON'T FORGET YOUR SHOTS: Required immunization information can be submitted through the patient portal at myhealth.und.edu.
<ul> <li>Required vaccinations/screenings for UND are as follows:</li> <li>Measles, Mumps, Rubella (MMR): 2 doses are required. The first dose must have been given after the 1st birthday, and the 2nd shot given at least a month after.</li> <li>Meningitis: Students 21 years of age and younger need a Meningitis (Menactra, MenQuadfi, or Menveo) vaccination that was given after the 16th birthday.</li> <li>TB: The TB screening form is required for all students attending UND. If a student has a risk factor for Tuberculosis, then TB testing will be required.</li> </ul>
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